

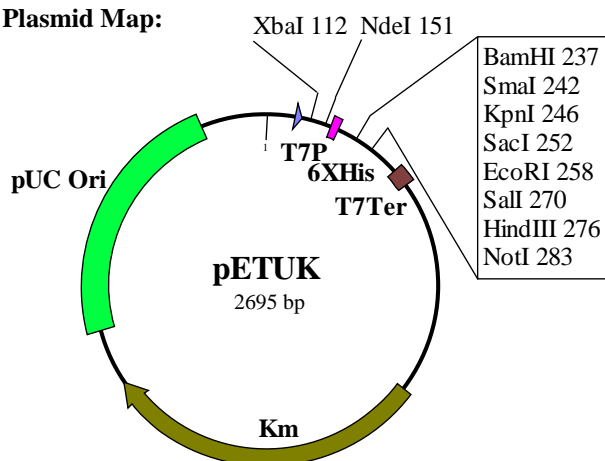
PRODUCT INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Name : pET Expression Vector pETUK
Code No. : DV220
Size : 15 µg (lyophilized plasmid contains salt of TE buffer)
Storage : This product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store at - 20 °C
Reconstitution : Resuspend the lyophilized pETUK with 15 µl of sterile water to make 1 µg/µl plasmid in 1 × TE buffer. After reconstitution, store at - 20 °C

Product Description : pETUK is a high copy number, kanamycin resistant, T7 bacterial expression vector. The T7 expression system is one of the strongest expression systems and has been widely used with a coupling of BL21 (DE3) *E. coli* strain. T7 RNA polymerase gene is integrated in a genome of BL21(DE3) under control of lacUV5 promoter. Upon addition of isopropyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside (IPTG), T7 RNA polymerase is expressed in the BL21(DE3) cells harboring pETUK vector, and it induces a high-level protein expression from T7 promoter of pETUK. BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. offers several kinds of T7 bacterial expression vectors. Among them, pETUK is suitable for a high level expression of non-toxic proteins and the high copy number of pETUK in *E. coli* cells is beneficial for plasmid preparation.

Plasmid Map:



T7 promoter :	74-90
T7 transcription start :	91
His Tag :	166-183
T7 terminator :	359-406
pUC ori :	1909-2528
Km :	952-1767

Features of T7 expression vectors

BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. provides 6 kinds of T7 expression vectors, pETUA, pETBA, pETIA, pETUK, pETBK, and pETIK. These vectors have the same multicloning site and specific feature of each vector is below:

	Plasmid copy number	Replicon	Antibiotic resistance	Feature and recommendation
pETUA	high copy	pUC	ampicillin	for non-toxic protein expression
pETBA	medium copy	pMB1	ampicillin	general expression
pETIA	medium copy	pMB1	ampicillin	stringent regulation with lac repressor
pETUK	high copy	pUC	kanamycin	for non-toxic protein expression
pETBK	medium copy	pMB1	kanamycin	general expression
pETIK	medium copy	pMB1	kanamycin	stringent regulation with lac repressor

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pETUK Sequence

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GCGCCCAATA CGCAAACCGC CTCTCCCCGC GCGTTGGCCG ATTCATTAAT GCAGGATCTC 60
GATCCC CGGA AATTAATACG ACTCACTATA GGGAGACCAC AACGGTTTCC CTCTAGAAAT 120
AATTTTGT TTT AACTTTAAGA AGGAGATATA CATATGCGGG GTTCTCATCA TCATCATCAT 180
CATGGTATGG CTAGCATGAC TGGTGGACAG CAAATGGGTC GGGACGATGA CGATAAGGAT 240
CCCCGGGTAC CGAGCTCGAA TTCGATTTTCG TCGACAAGCT TAGCGGCCGC CGTTTAATCC 300
GGCTGCTAAC AAAGCCCGAA AGGAAGCTGA GTTGGCTGCT GCCACCGCTG AGCAATAACT 360
AGCATAACCC CTTGGGGCCT CTAAACGGGT CTTGAGGGGT TTTTGTCTGA AAGGAGGAAC 420
TATATCCGGA TCTGGCGTAA TAGCGAAGAG GCCCGCACCG ATCGCCCTTC CCAACAGTTG 480
CGCAGCCTGA ATGGCGAATG GCGCCTGATG CGGTATTTTC TCCTTACGCA TCTGTGCGGT 540
ATTTACACACC GCATCTGGTG CACTCTCAGT ACAATCTGCT CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAAGC 600
CAGCCCCGAC ACCCGCCAAC ACCCGCTGAC GCGCCCTGAC GGGCTTGTCT GCTCCC GGCA 660
TCCGCTTACA GACAAGCTGT GACCGTCTCC GGGAGCTGCA TGTGTCAGAG GTTTTCACCG 720
TCATCACCGA AACGCGCGAG ACGAAAGGGC CTCGTGATAC GCCTATTTTT ATAGTTAAT 780
GTCATGATAA TAATGGTTTC TTAGACGTCA GGTGGCACTT TTCGGGGAAA TGTGCGCGGA 840
ACCCCTATTT GTTTATTTTT CTAAATACAT TCAAATATGT ATCCGCTCAT GAGACAATAA 900
CCCTGATAAA TGCTTATGTC TGCTTACATA AACAGTAATA CAAGGGGTGT TATGAGCCAT 960
ATTCAACGGG AAACGTCTTG CTCAAGGCCG CGATTAAAT CCAACATGGA TGCTGATTTA 1020
TATGGGTATA AATGGGCTCG CGATAATGTC GGGCAATCAG GTGCGACAAT CTATCGATTG 1080
TATGGGAAGC CCGATGCGCC AGAGTTGTTT CTGAAACATG GCAAAGGTAG CGTTGCCAAT 1140
GATGTTACAG ATGAGATGGT CAGACTAAAC TGGCTGACGG AATTTATGCC TCTCCGACC 1200
ATCAAGCATT TTATCCGTAC TCCTGATGAT GCATGGTTAC TCACCACTGC GATCCCAGGG 1260
AAAACAGCAT TCCAGGTATT AGAAGAATAT CCTGATTCAG GTGAAAATAT TGTGATGCG 1320
CTGGCAGTGT TCCTGCGCCG GTTGCATTTC ATTCTGTTT GTAATTGTCC TTTTAACAGC 1380
GATCGCGTAT TTCGTCTCGC TCAGGCGCAA TCACGAATGA ATAACGGTTT GGTGATGCG 1440
AGTGATTTTG ATGACGAGCG TAATGGCTGG CCTGTTGAAC AAGTCTGGAA AGAAATGCAT 1500
AAGCTATTGC CATTCTCACC GGATTCAGTC GTCACTCATG GTGATTTCTC ACTTGATAAC 1560
CTTATTTTTG ACGAGGGGAA ATTAATAGGT TGTATTGATG TTGGACGAGT CGGAATCGCA 1620
GACCGATAAC AGGATCTTGC CATCCTATGG AACTGCCTCG GTGAGTTTTT TCCTTCATTA 1680
CAGAAACGGC TTTTTCAAAA ATATGGTATT GATAATCCTG ATATGAATAA ATTGCAGTTT 1740
CATTTGATGC TCGATGAGTT TTTCTAATTA AAACATATAT ACTTTAGATT GATTTAAAAC 1800
TTCATTTTTA ATTTAAAAGG ATCTAGGTGA AGATCCTTTT TGATAATCTC ATGACCAAAA 1860
TCCCTTAACG TGAGTTTTTC TTCCACTGAG CGTCAGACCC CGTAGAAAAG ATCAAAGGAT 1920
CTTCTTGAGA TCCTTTTTTT CTGCGCGTAA TCTGCTGCTT GCAAACAAAA AAACCACCGC 1980
TACCAGCGGT GGT TTGTTTG CCGGATCAAG AGCTACCAAC TCTTTTTCCG AAGGTAAC TG 2040
GCTTCAGCAG AGCGCAGATA CCAAATACTG TTCTTCTAGT GTAGCCGTAG TTAGGCCACC 2100
ACTTCAAGAA CTCTGTAGCA CCGCTACAT ACCTCGCTCT GCTAATCCTG TTACCAGTGG 2160
CTGCTGCCAG TGGCGATAAG TCGTGTCTTA CCGGTTGGA CTCAAGACGA TAGTTACCGG 2220
ATAAGGCGCA GCGGTCGGGC TGAACGGGGG GTTCGTGCAC ACAGCCCAGC TTGGAGCGAA 2280
CGACCTACAC CGAACTGAGA TACCTACAGC GTGAGCTATG AGAAAGCGCC ACGCTTCCCG 2340
AAGGGAGAAA GGCGGACAGG TATCCGGTAA GCGGCAGGGT CGGAACAGGA GAGCGCACGA 2400
GGGAGCTTCC AGGGGGAAAC GCCTGGTATC TTTATAGTCC TGTCGGGTTT CGCCACCTCT 2460
GACTTGAGCG TCGATTTTTG TGATGCTCGT CAGGGGGGCG GAGCCTATGG AAAAACGCCA 2520
GCAACGCGGC CTTTTACGG TTCTGGCCT TTTGCTGGCC TTTTGCTCAC ATGTTCTTTC 2580
CTGCGTTATC CCCTGATTCT GTGGATAACC GTATTACCGC CTTTGAGTGA GCTGATACCG 2640
CTCGCCGAG CCGAACGACC GAGCGCAGCG AGTCAGTGAG CGAGGAAGCG GAAGA 2695

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PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT USAGE

Cloning of a gene to pETUK:

Below is the multiple cloning site of pETUK. To express a recombinant protein correctly, it is necessary to clone the gene of interest in frame with an N-terminal peptide of pETUK. The start codon of pETUK is boxed ATG in the below figure. Digest pETUK completely with appropriate restriction enzyme(s) to form DNA ends which can be ligated to the gene of interest. If only one restriction enzyme is used, dephosphorylation of a vector is often performed. Ligation of processed pETUK and the gene of interest can be performed by the standard procedure. The following transformation procedure should be done with non-expression hosts such as DH5 α or JM109. In the transformation, recombinant cells should be selected on LB agar plates containing 15-25 μ g/ml of kanamycin., because higher concentration of kanamycin often retarded cell growth on the agar plates. Recombinant plasmids derived from pETUK are selected by colony-PCR, enzyme digestion of prepared plasmids, or other methods. Sequencing of cloning portion and an insert region on the obtained plasmid is recommended to determine the correct recombinant plasmids for expression experiments.

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                T7 promoter                                XbaI
GATCCCGCGA AATTAATACG ACTCACTATA GGGAGACCAC AACGGTTTCC CTCTAGAAAT 120
AspProAlaL ysLeuIleAr gLeuThrIle GlyArgProG lnArgPhePr oSerArgAsn
                NdeI                                6xHis
AATTTTGTTT AACTTTAAGA AGGAGATATA CATATGCGGG GTTCTCATCA TCATCATCAT 180
AsnPheVal* **Leu***Gl uGlyAspIle HisMetArgG lySerHisHi sHisHisHis
                EK                                BamHI
CATGGTATGG CTAGCATGAC TGGTGGACAG CAAATGGGTC GGGACGATGA CGATAAGGAT 240
HisGlyMetA laSerMetTh rGlyGlyGln GlnMetGlyA rgAspAspAs pAspLysAsp
                KpnI                EcoRI                SalI                NotI                ↑
CCCCGGGTAC CGAGCTCGAA TTCGATTTTCG TCGACAAGCT TAGCGGCCGC CGTTTAAATCC 300
                SmaI                SacI                                HindIII
ProArgValP roSerSerAs nSerIleSer SerThrSerL euAlaAlaAl aVal***Ser
    
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EK: Enterokinase recognition sequence (AspAspAspAspLys↓)

ATG: start codon

TAA: stop codon

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Protein Expression Procedure :

The following protocol is a general guide for the protein expression by using T7 expression vectors, pETUA, pETBA, pETIA, pETUK, pETBK, and pETIK, coupling with an expression host *E. coli* cell, BL21(DE3) cells or BL21(DE3)pLysS cells.

• Before starting:

Transform BL21(DE3) or BL21(DE3)pLysS cells with the prepared expression plasmid by the standard procedure. If kanamycin is used for selection, recombinant cells should be selected on LB agar plates containing 15-25 µg/ml of kanamycin, because a higher concentration of kanamycin often retards cell growth on the agar plates.

‡ Notes for transformation

1. Sometimes, expression may vary among transformants. If large and small colonies are observed in the same plate, the expressed protein may affect the growth of the *E. coli* cells.

2. If the expressed protein is toxic to *E. coli* cells, transformants may not be obtained.

In this case, repression of a basal level expression by T7 promoter may work, see “Notes for expression.”

• Expression:

1. Following transformation, pick a colony and inoculate it into 3 ml of LB medium containing the appropriate antibiotic (kanamycin is often used at 25-30 µg/ml for liquid culture) with shaking at 37°C, overnight. For the BL21(DE3)pLysS strain, it is preferable to add chloramphenicol at a final concentration of 34 µg/ml in the overnight culture to maintain pLysS.

2. The next morning, transfer 0.5 ml of the overnight culture to a new 10 ml of LB medium containing the appropriate antibiotic to select the expression plasmid. Grow the culture with shaking at 37°C until the OD₆₀₀ reaches 0.5 (approximately 2 hrs but this depended on the expression plasmids).

When using BL21(DE3)pLys, chloramphenicol is not usually required in the short-period culture.

3. When the OD₆₀₀ reaches 0.5, transfer an aliquot (e.g., 1 ml) of the culture to a new centrifuge tube and centrifuge it to harvest cells. Store the cells at -80°C until analysis.

Add IPTG to a final concentration of 1 mM to the rest of the culture and grow the culture with shaking at 37°C for 3 hours.

The IPTG concentration and induction time are general values. It is recommended to determine the optimal condition for the target gene expression.

4. After the induction, harvest the cells. To analyze the expression, before harvesting the cells, transfer an aliquot of the culture (e.g., 1 ml) and centrifuge it to precipitate the cells.

• Analysis

1. Suspend the precipitated cells (from the 1 ml culture) in 200 µl of 1× PBS buffer.

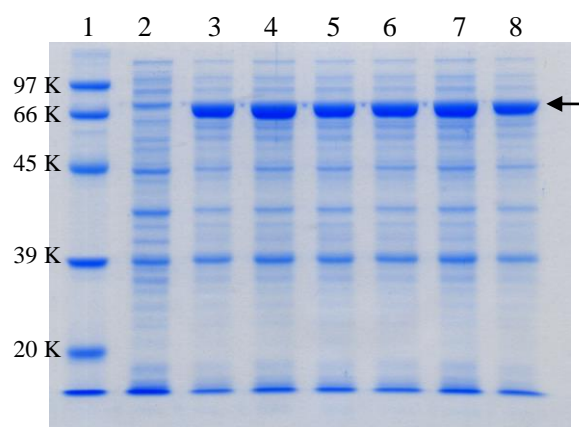
2. Mix an aliquot of the suspension (e.g., 100 µl) with an equal volume of 2 × SDS sample buffer.

3. Heat the mixture at 85°C for 5 min, then centrifuge at 10,000 g for 10 min. Subject the supernatant (e.g., 5-25 µl) to SDS-PAGE. Western blot will help analyzing the expression of the target protein.

• 2 × SDS sample buffer : 2 % sodium dodecyl sulfate, 5 % 2-mercaptoethanol, 20 % glycerol,
0.02 % BPB, 62.5 mM Tris-HCl, pH6.8

• 1× PBS buffer.: 20 mM sodium phosphate, 150 mM sodium chloride, pH7.4

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An arrow shows the expressed 65 KDa proteins.

Figure of protein expression from pETUK

A gene of 65 KDa protein was cloned into pETUK (pETUK/65K). BL21(DE3) cell was transformed with the pETUK/65K, six colonies were picked and followed the “Protein Expression Procedure” as above. After induction, aliquot of the cells from each culture was subjected to 10 % polyacrylamide gel SDS electrophoresis. The gel was stained with Quick Blue Protein Staining Solution (BioDynamics Laboratory Inc. #DS500).
Lane 1: DynaMarker Protein Eco (#DM610)
Lane 2 : BL21(DE3) harboring pETUK but not pETUK/65K
Lane 3-8 : BL21(DE3) cells, clones 1-6

‡ Notes for expression:

1. As the T7 expression method is a high-level protein expression system, some basal level expression of the target protein will occur in uninduced cells. This is likely problematic in cases in which the target protein is toxic to *E. coli* cells. In this case, it may be necessary to decrease the basal level expression as follows:

- Use a lower-copy number T7 expression vector, pETBA, pETBK, but not pETUA, pETUK
- Use a stringent regulated expression vector, pETIA, pETIK.
- Use liquid medium and agar plates supplemented with glucose (0.5 -1 %).
Glucose is known to decrease a basal expression from *lacUV5* promoter²⁾.
- Use BL21(DE3)pLysS strain but not BL21(DE3) strain.

The T7 Lysozyme encoded in a pLysS plasmid reduces the basal level of T7 RNA polymerase Expression³⁾. This leads to suppression of the basal level expression of the target protein.

2. When expressing proteins in BL21(DE3) cells, if it takes a longer time (5 hrs or more) to reach 0.5 at OD₆₀₀ after inoculating the overnight culture (0.5 ml) to a new LB medium (10 ml), the expressed protein is likely toxic to *E. coli* cells.

3. When BL21(DE3) cells lyse after induction with IPTG, the expressed protein is likely toxic to *E. coli* cells.

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Reference:

- 1) Studier, F.W. and Moffatt, B.A., *J. Mol. Biol.* 189 (1986) 113–130.
- 2) Pan, S. and Malcom, B.A., *BioTechniques* 29 (2000), 1234–1238
- 3) Moffatt, B.A. and Studier, F.W., *Cell* 49 (1987) 221-227

General reference in this Product Information

Sambrook, J. and Russell, D.W. (2001) *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 3rd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY.

Related Products:

DV210	pET Expression Vector pETBA	DV215	pET Expression Vector pETIA
DV220	pET Expression Vector pETUK	DV230	pET Expression Vector pETBK
DV235	pET Expression Vector pETIK	DS110	DNA Ligation Kit ver. 2
DS210	Competent Cell JM109	DS220	Competent Cell DH5 α
DS225	Jet Competent Cell (DH5 α)	DS240	Competent Cell BL21
DS255	Zip Competent Cell BL21(DE3)	DS260	Competent Cell BL21(DE3)pLysS
DS500	QuickBlue Protein Staining Solution		

● Purchaser Notification

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